HOW CAN STATKRAFT BECOME "THE GREEN BATTERY" OF EUROPE?

- or contribute to?

Arne Sandvold

Statkraft Energi as

Power Generation Developement





THE STATKRAFT GROUP

Environment-friendly power generation: 52.5 TWh*

- 33% of power generation in Norway
- 12% of power generation Nordic region
- 1% of power generation in Europe
- Gross operating revenues 2011: NOK 22.4 billion
- Total assets 2011: NOK 144 billion
- > 3,400 employees in more than 20 countries

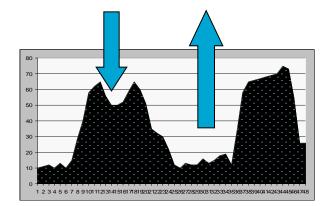




Supporting the power system in Europe

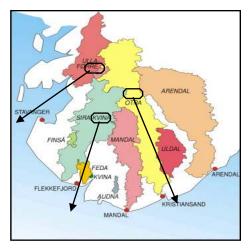
Due to the energy regulating capacity, Norway may support other power systems that require backup solutions and storage.

- Nordic hydro reservoirs content 121 TWh
- Norway 85 TWh (Statkraft 35 TWh)





NORWEGIAN POSSIBILITIES





Appr. 50% of total hydro reservoirs in Europe – 85 TWh

Three alternative options:

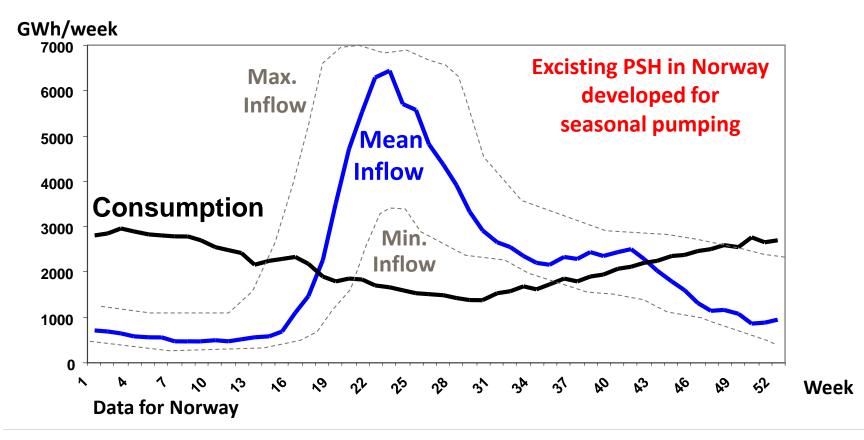
- 1. Change the operation pattern in existing plants
- 2. Increase installed capacity
- 3. Build pumped hydro storage in connection with existing reservoirs

Both increased capacity and pumped storage is possible where the distance to the Continent is the shortest

 Without new greenfield assets or reservoirs, but by extended use of exsisting

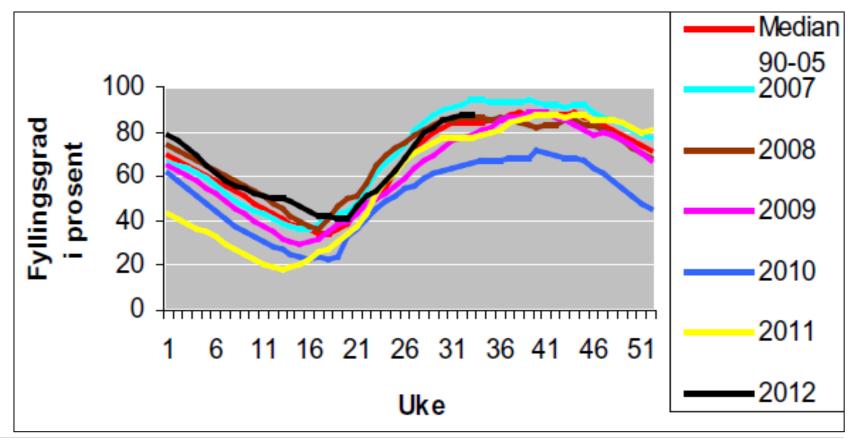


The hydrology vs energy consumption





Scandinavian reservoirs – typical seasonal variation





TECHNICAL POTENTIAL INCREASED CAPASITY SOUTHERN NORWAY

Future PSH possibilities in Norway depends on :

- limitations in the change of water level in upper and lower reservoirs
- and duration for pumping / generation

Change in waterlevel	PSP Capacity (MW) duration pumping mode			Increased capacity exisiting plants
	24 hours	7 days	60 days	(MW)
				7500
0,5 m/hour	85000	30000	N / A	
0,1 m/hour	30000	16000	2600	
0,01 m/hour	3200	3200	1500	

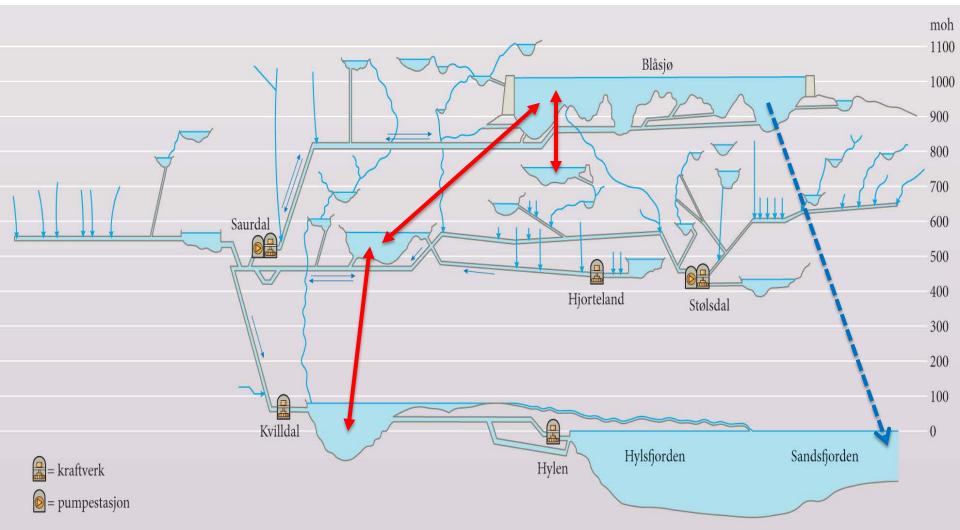
The technical potential is not the main challenge !



LAKE BLÅSJØ 7.8TWH RESERVOIR

Potential upper reservoir, several possibilities

ULLA-FØRRE POWER PLANT SCHEME



Typical lower reservoir

PSP - Environmental possibilities / challenges

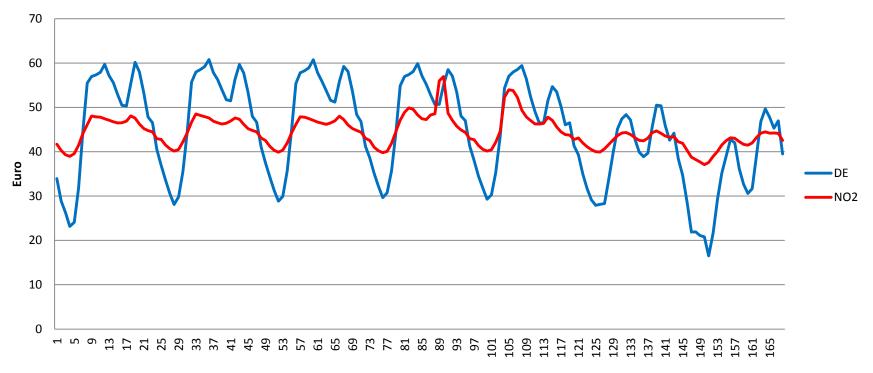
- No new "greenfield assets" is needed ->only extending excisting plants / reservoirs no new big releases of water into running rivers Statkraft R&D-projects ongoing in excisting reservoirs : -> More often limnitations, but not outside excisting water levels More often lower levels, not only late winter / spring -> Erosion and unstability -> Biodiversity, Local climate, Temperatures, Broken Ice etc.
- Larger release of fresh water into the fjords -->
- New rock caverns & tunnels need of larger spill areas "outdoors"



Statkraft -> Area usage due to new interconnectors & domestic infrastructure

Interconnectors driven by price differences

Average week profile 2009 - 2011





Summary

□ Large possibilities for utilizing Norwegian reservoirs and new PSH as a "European Battery"

Existing flexibility will be utilzed first
Requires large investments in infrastructure

Political will for PSP, both crossborder + local ?
Public acceptance - governing of expectations
Environmental solutions, taxes

Plans for new interconnectors are modest
We support Statnetts plans for GER (2018) UK (2020)
But more is needed

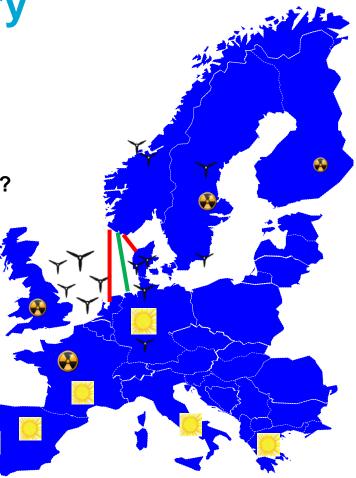
□ Business Case Development?

Future Market Design?

- □ Who is the Customer / Market Place
- Business Model (incl. interconnectors)
- □ Real Case simulations and profitability evaluations

□ The need for flexibility and storage will be covered by a range of technologies

and we can contribute











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